

262 SUSPENSIONS

Suspension is the temporary removal of a student from school or from school-sponsored activities. Students may be suspended for the following reasons:

1. Violation of any state law or local ordinance in a school building, on school grounds, or at a school-sponsored activity. Examples of these violations are listed in the section of this manual titled 258 PROHIBITED CONDUCT.
2. Violation of rules, policies, and procedures established for Oasis Academy as outlined in this manual. Examples of these violations are listed in the section of this manual titled 258 PROHIBITED CONDUCT.
3. Student actions or inactions at school or a school-sponsored activity that disrupt, interfere with, or pose a threat to the educational program, other students, staff, visitors, or the student personally.
4. As a step in the progressive discipline policy.

The primary purpose of suspension is to give the student, his/her parent(s) or guardian(s), and the school the time needed to resolve a problem. The duration of suspension is related to a course of action designed to resolve the problem.

Types of Suspension:

1. **Emergency Suspension:** The administrator, or his or her designee, may suspend any student whose conduct is determined to be a clear threat to the physical safety of others or to the property interests of others or is so extremely disruptive as to make the student's temporary removal necessary to preserve the right of the other students to pursue an education.
2. **Long-Term Suspension:** A student may be suspended from school or from an interscholastic activity for more than ten (10) days by the school's governing body. Please refer to the section of this manual titled 266 EXPULSION AND LONG TERM SUSPENSION.
3. **Short-Term Suspension:** A student may be removed from school and/or from interscholastic activities for no more than ten (10) days by the administrator.
4. **In-School Suspension:** A student may be removed from his/her classes and all school activities for no more than ten (10) days. During the term of suspension the student will remain in a separate supervised area of the school. The primary intention of this action is to gain cooperation with the student's parent(s) or guardian(s) and to isolate the student from all regular academic and social activities. If this action seems warranted after an investigation and after consultation with the parent(s) or guardian(s), the administrator, or his or her designee, shall take action.

SPECIAL CONDITIONS OF SUSPENSION:

1. A student may not participate in extracurricular activities during the term of his/her suspension.
2. Suspensions may be reflected in the student's class citizenship or school citizenship grade.
3. Notations of suspensions from school will be made in the student's cumulative folder.
4. Schoolwork missed as a result of suspensions that last 10 days or less may be made up through the completion of make-up work in the manner and to the extent described in the section of these policies titled 208 ATTENDANCE, ABSENCES, TRUANCY AND MAKE-UP WORK. Any work that cannot be made up, or is not made up, will result in the lowering of the academic grade for the grading period, and it may result in loss of credit.

SUSPENSION OF TEN DAYS OR LESS

A pupil may be removed from school immediately for any of the following:

1. Posing a continuing danger to persons or property,
2. Posing an ongoing threat of disrupting the academic process,
3. Selling or distributing any controlled substance, or
4. Being found in possession of a dangerous weapon as provided in NRS 392.466.

When a student is removed for any of these reasons the student shall be given an explanation of the reasons for his or her removal. The student shall also be given an explanation of pending proceedings, to be conducted as soon as practicable after removal, for his or her suspension or expulsion.

In all other cases involving suspension the administrator shall:

1. Tell the student they are meeting with him/her to investigate allegations that the student has violated laws, rule(s), state Oasis Academy policies, or the school's policies.
2. Tell the student the specific laws, rule(s), or policies that are alleged to have been violated and that, if the evidence supports the allegations, there will be consequences up to and including suspension from school. Ask if he/she understands the allegation(s).
3. Explain to the student the evidence you have regarding the alleged violation(s).
4. Ask the student if he/she admits or denies the allegation(s). If the student admits to violation(s), assign appropriate consequences. If the student denies the allegation(s), give him/her the chance to explain and present his/her side of the story. The administrator will consider the student's explanation and, if the administrator deems it

appropriate, may investigate the matter further. (This does not mean that the student can secure counsel, confront, and cross-examine witnesses, or call witnesses on his/her behalf to present his/her case.)

5. After hearing the student's explanation and evidence, the administrator should determine if he/she needs more information and, if so, obtain it before making a decision. If not, the administrator should determine what, if any, violations exist and assign appropriate consequences.
6. If the student has a behavior plan, the administrator should review the plan with the student. If the student does not have a behavior plan and the student is subject to the habitual discipline statute (NRS 392.4655), then a behavior plan may be written.
7. If suspension is appropriate, the administrator shall notify the student that he/she will be suspended for (number of days) commencing (starting date).
8. The administrator shall notify the parents of the suspension as soon as possible by phone or in person and follow up that notification with a letter, which will be placed in the student's file

Legal References:

NRS 386.585
NRS 392
NRS 392.466
NRS 392.467